Accelerated Cure Project for MS

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Accelerating research towards a cure for multiple sclerosis

Repository Spotlight - Biogen/UT Southwestern

Researchers at Biogen and University of Texas Southwestern (UTSW) recently studied the whole genome sequence of a cohort of Neuromyelitis Optica (NMO) patients and healthy controls. Results from the study, <u>published</u> in the May 2018 edition of <u>Nature Communications</u>, identified genetic risk factors for NMO. According to Ben Greenberg at UTSW, "The results identified a low C4 copy number as a genetic risk factor for NMO. This pattern has been associated with SLE previously. Data from this study also helps to understand previous studies that focused on HLA (human leukocyte antigen — cell surface proteins responsible for regulating the immune system) risk factors and suggests that <u>whole genome sequencing studies</u> can yield unique results when compared to <u>GWAS (genome-wide association) studies</u>." This work was done collaboratively across multiple centers, using ACP Repository samples. This is just one of more than one hundred studies using the ACP Repository as a resource to advance and accelerate research into demyelinating diseases.



